



UNDERSTANDING YOUR WHOLE BRAIN

Copyright Dr Kobus Neethling and Solutionsfinding (Pty) Ltd. No part of this book may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, or by photocopying, recording or microfilming, or stored in any retrieval system, without the written permission of the publisher. Nor may it be otherwise circulated in any other form of binding or cover, without a similar condition being imposed thereon. Any referral to the content here within may only be made with proper recognition to the author thereof, Dr Kobus Neethling. Solutionsfinding (Pty) Ltd, a company duly formed and registered in South Africa is part of the Kobus Neethling group of companies. It focuses on the sales, distribution and management of products and instruments developed by the Kobus Neethling Group, through its own structures and

instruments.

also establishes national and international agencies for the continued third party distribution and management of Kobus Neethling products and

NBI™ and NBPP are registered Trademarks of the Kobus Neethling Group and Solutionsfinding (Pty) Ltd.

INDEX

The Whole Brain - past and present	. 2
Important information on the NBI™	. 2
NBI™ Tool Map	. 3
NBI™ Four Quadrant summary	. 4
NBI™ Eight Dimensions - example profile	. 5
NBI™ Eight Dimensions summary	. 6
The Eight Dimensions of the brain	. 7
The Whole Brain in Action in COMMUNICATION	. 8
The Whole Brain in Action in BUSINESS	. 9
The Whole Brain in Action in the JOBS AND SKILLS INSTRUMENT	. 11
The Whole Brain in Action in LEADERSHIP	. 12
The Whole Brain in Action in TEACHING AND LEARNING	. 13
Learning and the Eight Dimensions	. 14
The Whole Brain in Action in CREATIVITY	. 15
The Whole Brain in Action in PARENTING	. 17
Parenting and the Eight Dimensions	. 18
The Whole Brain in Action in RELATIONSHIPS	. 19
Relationships and the Eight Dimensions	. 20
The Whole Brain in Action in SPORT	. 21
The Whole Brain in Action in A HEALTHY LIFESTYLE	. 22
Spotting the clues	. 23
Personal development 'diets' for the four quadrants	. 25
Understanding the NBI™- key points to remember	. 29
Comments from Clients of the Kobus Neethling Group	. 30
International References & Quotes	. 31
About the Author	. 31
About Whole Brain Thinking Pty Ltd	. 34

The Whole Brain - past and present

Hippocrates, who examined the brain during autopsies he performed, concluded "The brain of man is double". It was in 400 BC that he made the connection that the loss of speech was connected with damage to the left side of the brain.

In 1864 a French surgeon named Paul Broca came to the same conclusion after observing that patients with aphasia (loss of speech) had damage to the left-brain.

In the 1960's Philip Vogel and Joseph Bogen performed their breakthrough split-brain surgery on three epileptic patients. Roger Sperry (who received a Nobel Prize for this work in 1981) with his colleagues Bogen, Vogel and Gazziniga tested these patients and discovered that the two hemispheres control vastly different aspects of thought and action. They found the left (controlling the right side of the body) is dominant for language and speech and for analytical and logical thought, while the right (controlling the left side of the body) excels at visualising, holistic and unstructured tasks. This breakthrough was followed by brain dominance research by Ned Herrmann, Jaquelyn Wonder, Priscilla Donovan, Beverly Moore and others.

The NBI™ was developed after extensive international research since 1980 on left/right brain functions, leading to the four-quadrant NBI™ profile. Kobus Neethling under the research guidance of Professor Paul Torrance of the University of Georgia first developed the NBI™ for adults before applying similar methodologies to develop a number of other whole brain instruments. The most recent development has been the introduction of the 8-dimensions, providing even more insight into thinking preferences and applications at work and at home.

The results of research on the NBI™ have been very significant and ongoing research at a number of universities and institutes remains an essential part of whole brain science.

Research documents can be seen at: www.wholebrainthinking.com.au

Important information on the NBI™

In working with the NBI™ profiles it is important to remember the following points:

- No Brain Profile is good or bad, right or wrong.
- Some of the NBI[™] profiles measure references, some identify skills. It is important to note the distinction.
- You may have skills in a quadrant with a low preference score, or strong preferences in an area where you have not had the opportunity to develop skills.
- A high score in a particular quadrant does not necessarily indicate equal preferences for all the processes of that quadrant.
- Your brain profile may change, but only if there are strong reasons for this to occur. This may occur over a long period of time because of changing interests, hobbies, environments and mentors. In rare cases changes occur over a short period of time because of significant events

- or major life-style changes. These changes may be temporary.
- It is possible to develop preferences and skills in any quadrant.
- There are two main dimensions in each quadrant.
- The total NBI™ suite currently includes 16 different instruments with more applications on the way. The full range is shown on the following page.
- The NBI™ brain profile gives an indication of how:
 - you communicate
 - you act towards other people
 - you do business
 - you learn
 - you teach
 - content you would be in a certain career
 - you solve problems
 - you make decisions, etc.

NBI™ Tool Map

Neethling Brain Instruments

The most comprehensive battery of whole brain profiling instruments in the world

SIGNATURE INSTRUMENTS

Neethling Brain Instrument (NBI™) Adult

4 Quadrants

Plus

8 Dimensions

BUSINESS INSTRUMENTS

- Leadership Instrument
- Skills Instrument
- Job Instrument
- Creativity Style Instrument
- Learning Instrument

RELATIONSHIP INSTRUMENTS • Rugby

- Parenting Instrument
- Relationship Instrument

OTHER

• Personal Negativity Instrument • Tennis

EDUCATIONAL INSTRUMENTS

- Teacher/Trainer
- Senior Student College & University 17+
- Junior Student 9 17 years

SPORTS INSTRUMENTS

- Soccer
- Rugby Referee
- Rugby Skills
- Golf
- Cricket

Group Reports can be electronically generated for every type of profile to obtain:

- Average for the group
- Dominance of individuals and group
- Comparisons between subgroups

Interpretive Comparisons can be drawn between different types of profiles, i.e.,

- Skills profile and Preference profile
- Skills and Leadership
- Skills and Job Instrument

Other Instruments - Additional Instruments, which go beyond brain profiling, include the organisational wellness instrument and the organisational negativity instrument.

NBITM - Four Quadrant summary

The following summary of the key thinking processes associated with each of the four quadrants, should give you a clear indication of the different brain preferences.

TOP LEFT (L1)

Focus

Essence

Precise

Accuracy

Clinical

Factual memory

Concrete

Mathematical/financial

Factual reasoning

Performance-driven

Logic

Objective

Diagnostic

Analysing (digging deeper)

Quantitative

Realistic

Important to do it right

Critical

Rational

TOP RIGHT (R1)

Holistic/big picture

Flexible

Risk-taking

Curious

Looking for alternatives

Experimentation

Artistic

Speculation

Imaginative

Strategic

Simultaneous (doing many things at once)

Fantasy

Visualising

Synthesis (link ideas)

Idea-intuition

Investigation

Integrating ideas

Unstructured

Preference for change

BOTTOM LEFT (L2)

Organised/orderly

Punctual/time-conscious

Planned

Structured

Step-by-step approach

Steadfast

Sequential

Thorough

Security/safe-keeping

Detail

Traditional

Drive/task-driven

Neat

Reliable

Result-driven

BOTTOM RIGHT (R2)

Non-verbal cues

Touch

Co-operation

Sociable (one-on-one and in groups)

Take part

Accessible

Approachable

Expressive

Empathy

Teamwork

People-focus

Responsive

Receptive

Sensitive

Support

People awareness

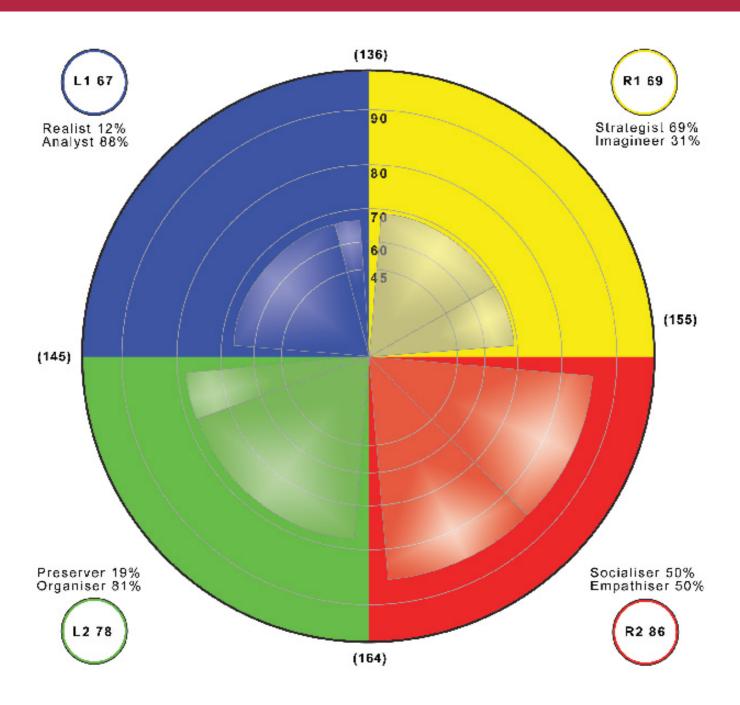
People perceptive

Involved

Playful

Respectful

NBI™ - Eight Dimensions - example profile



NBI™ - Eight Dimensions summary

Although you may have strong preferences in a certain quadrant, you may not have equally strong preferences for all the processes associated with that quadrant. In fact, you may even find that you have rather low or average preferences for some of the components of your so-called strong quadrant. Our latest research has provided more insight into why this might be the case.

Each quadrant has at least two possible dimensions, and you may very well be strong in one and low in the other, or of course quite balanced in each of the two divisions.

L1 – Realist	L1 – Analyst
Clarity	Assess
No distractions	Monitor performance
Focused	Dig deeper
Set goals	Financial
No mental clutter	Clinical
Define target	Logical
Pros and cons	Priorities
Simplicity	Calculate
Clear guidelines	Probing
Factual	Examining

R1 – Strategist	R1 – Imagineer
	K1 – Illiagilieei
Visionary	Inner voice
Future-connected	Picture thinking
Predictions	Aha
Change	De deser
Risk-taking	Daydream
ŭ	Fantasise
Big thinking	Doodle/scribble
Experience the	Doodle/scribble
unfamiliar	Unsystematic
Variety	Unconventional
Design	Clutter
Challenge status quo	Zigzag thinking

L2 – Preserver	L2 – Organiser
Well-proven	Action
Discipline	Hands-on
Order	Plan
Time-conscious	Systematic
Methodical	Supervise
Cautious	Persevere
Loyalty	Checklist
Experience	Schedules
Stability	To-do list
Traditional	Organise

R2 – Socialiser	R2 – Empathiser
Groups	Encourage
Sharing	Assist
Consensus	Care
Networking	Service-oriented
Co-operation	Intuitive
Gatherings	Hopeful
Entertaining	Reaching out
Outgoing	Sensitive
Connecting	Special attachments
Sociable	Nurturing

The Eight Dimensions of the brain

The dimensions of the L1 quadrant The dimensions of the R1 quadrant

L1 - Realist

L1 - Analyst

R1 – Imagineer

If this is your strongest dimension, you would:

- Like simplicity and clarity
- Prefer to insulate yourself from distractions
- Like to keep your mind on specific tasks and outcomes
- Like to focus on important matters
- Prefer clear guidelines and directions
- Like ideas that have concrete value
- Give preference to factual points of view
- Prefer to think through the pros and cons

If this is your strongest dimension, you would:

- Prefer to assess and monitor results and performance
- Like to dig deeper to understand the essence
- Like to be involved in matters of finance and investment
- · Like to reason rationally
- Like to solve problems clinically and thoroughly
- Prefer to identify priorities clearly
- Like to calculate, examine and measure
- Like to get to certainty by probing and examining

R1 – Strategis

If this is your strongest dimension, you would:

- Like to see through other people's eyes
- Like to see how the future connects with the past
- Prefer to think about big things while doing small things
- Love to move into uncharted and unfamiliar territory
- Prefer to gain insights from a variety of ideas and experiences
- Like to break new ground, to be part of change and transformation
- Like to take risks and to challenge the status quo
- Like to make forecasts and make predictions

If this is your strongest dimension, you would:

- Like to communicate with his/her inner voice
- Like to think in pictures
- Prefer the aha moment, the 'intuitive flash' to elaborate approaches
- Like to daydream and fantasise
- Like to use metaphors, images and doodles to describe experiences
- Like to be unorthodox and non-conformist when dealing with new projects
- Be comfortable in circumstances where there is some disorder and clutter
- Like to connect ideas to create something different and new

The dimensions of the L2 quadrant The dimensions of the R2 quadrant

L2 – Preserver

If this is your strongest dimension, you would:

- Like to follow well-proven methods and practices
- Prefer disciplined and orderly environments
- Prefer circumstances where traditions, loyalty and rules are respected
- Like people to be timeconscious
- Work in a methodical and cautious way
- Give high preference to experience
- Prefer stability and steadfastness
- Like to work with effective and well-skilled colleagues

L2 - Organiser

If this is your strongest dimension, you would:

- Like to put things into action
- Prefer hands-on experience
- Like to organise, plan and arrange
- Like to supervise procedures and practices
- Prefer to have a to-do list
- Prefer to follow an orderly approach
- Persevere with details
- Like to work according to a fixed schedule

R2 - Socialiser

If this is your strongest dimension, you would:

- Prefer to mingle with people
- Like to work in groups and share ideas with others
- Prefer consensus before deciding
- · Like to entertain
- Prefer to co-operate and reach an understanding
- Prefer person to person communication, gatherings and get-togethers
- Be outgoing, sociable and eager to meet new people
- Like to bring people together

R2 - Empathiser

If this is your strongest dimension, you would:

- Like to reach out to people
- Like to encourage and cheer people on
- Like to assist, help and put others first
- Like to add value to the lives of others
- Prefer to work in a service environment
- Depend on intuition when making decisions about people
- Appreciate the sentiment and mood of things
- Form attachments to a few special people (or animals)

Remember:

- You may be far stronger in one dimension of a quadrant than in another.
- You might be balanced between the two dimensions of a quadrant.
- There are no 'right' or 'wrong' profiles!

The Whole Brain in Action in COMMUNICATION

One of the key elements of a successful relationship is communication. This holds just as true in business as it does in the family or any social setting.

How can we use our insight into the thinking preferences to understand and accommodate different communication styles?

L1	WHAT?
Realist	Analyst
Accurate	• Valid
Coherent	Calculating
• Clear	Sensible
Realistic	Probing
• Focused	Questioning

R1 WHY?	
Strategist	Imagineer
 Strategic 	 Unconventional
 Forecasting 	Imagining
 Challenging 	• Intuitive
Questions	Metaphors/images
Visionary	 Meditative
 Synthesising 	Fantasising

L2 HOV	٧?
Preserver	Organiser Systematic Arranged Organised Detailed Planned Orderly
• Metriodical	· Orderry

R2 WHO?				
Socialiser	Empathiser			
Sharing	• Kind			
Encouraging	 Understanding 			
 Appreciative 	Sensitive			
 Passionate 	Sympathetic			
Tolerant	Caring			

The Whole Brain in Action in BUSINESS

Although many of the topics we have already discussed are directly linked to business and form important parts in the successful running of any organisation (communication, creativity etc.), we now look specifically at the whole brain in action in business.

1. Problem Solving

L1

Analyses the facts

Wants things to be correct

Sees the facts clearly (no emotion)

Gathers all information

Has a neutral stance

Sees problems rationally

Deals with facts in a logical way

Focuses on preciseness/exactness

R1

Solves problems in an intuitive way

Sees the big picture

Visualises the facts

Full of ideas and stimulating suggestions

Sees opportunity and likes to speculate

Likes alternatives

Often has new and innovative ideas

Likes to take risks

Keeps an eye on the future

L2

Organises/arranges facts (in categories, according

to plan)

Deals with facts chronologically

Checks the facts

Can be critical of ideas

Finds faults and weaknesses in ideas of others

Seeks detail and elaborations

Practical aspects important

Prefers tried and tested methods

R₂

Suggestions often emotional

Has an intuitive feel for people involved

Values are important

Negative emotions may limit acceptance of new

ideas

Usually eager to share ideas

Often brings new insight to ideas

Enthusiastic about ideas

Human aspects are fundamental

The Whole Brain in Action in BUSINESS

2. Whole Brain Strategising

L1

Bottom line

Research based on facts, analysis

Time-management

Quick decisions

Want to learn

Observation rather than intuition

Doing it my way

Enforce decisions

Little emotion, rational

R1

Intuition

Straight to conclusion

Speculation

Risks

Informal process

Visioning

Entrepreneurial perspective – the big picture

Suggestive, Imaging, Provocative

Can lose interest

Fun options

L2

Organise facts/data

Evaluate all angles

Find the faults

Validate

Practical questions

Thorough planning

'Look before you leap'

Minimise risks

Timely & effective implementation

Back-ups

R2

Socially considerate

Values

Eager to share info

Relies on feelings over facts

Instinctive

Comfortable process

Group dynamics

Positive feedback

Negative emotions may limit acceptance of new

ideas

Gaining acceptance, buy-in from others

The Whole Brain in Action in JOB AND SKILLS INSTRUMENT

This instrument identifies an individual's skills. You may have acquired skills in a particular area that is not really indicative of your brain preference or you may have a very strong preference in one area, but have never had the opportunity to develop the corresponding skills.

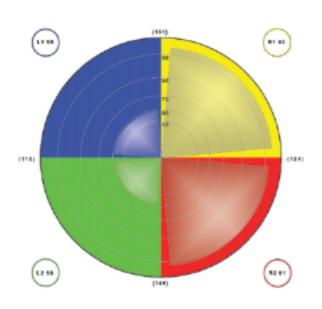
The skills instrument determines in what quadrant of the brain your strongest skills reside.

When combined with the NBI™ preference profile a clearer picture emerges – showing not only where the individual SKILLS lie, but also what the individual will ENJOY.

From an organisational perspective the skills and preference profiles can also be compared with a JOB PROFILE. The job profile can be completed in the same way as the skills profile by those keen to select or promote the best individual for the job. For example, the HR manager, the manager of the vacancy and maybe two or three successful incumbents can complete the job profile and compare the results in a focus group discussion. By matching the JOB profile with each applicant's SKILLS and PREFERENCE profile a more effective selection decision can be made.

Where job, skills and personal preference profiles are similar the indications are that the individual will be both competent and happy in the job.

Where there is less of a match, the applicant could still be considered a good choice if the 'gaps' are skill components which can easily be developed.



Short summary of this profile:

- Prefers people, interaction, communication, feelings
- Is comfortable with change, new concepts, ideas, experimenting and innovation
- Can be both people and future-oriented

Occupational fields:

- Manager or owner of hotel, guest house, restaurant
- Marketing (produce new marketing initiatives for ideas, products, services e.g. advertisements, videos, photo series, theatre shows.)
- Tourism (provide new places to visit, experiences, entertainment, fun, rendering of service, caring, communication, atmosphere, empathy)
- Education (present courses in design, creative arts, psychology, motivation and languages, course and curriculum design for the 21st century)
- Medical (children, plastic surgery), music/art therapy

The Whole Brain in Action in LEADERSHIP

We are told we should lead by example. That is generally good advice, unless of course that example is inflexible, one-sided and intolerant. The future leader will need to be a whole brain leader, a leader that understands the different thinking preferences of his team and leads individuals in a way that would inspire them. The starting point of this challenging (but exciting) journey is understanding your own leadership style and how this might impact on those you lead.

L1 - Realist

L1 - Analyst

You have an authoritative leadership style.

- You tend to stand firm on issues and prefer to have the last say.
- You are a focused leader, who may be seen as 'distant' by some.
- Because you have clear goals in mind, you may appear inflexible.
- You are decisive and others know exactly where they stand with you.

- Doing it 'right' is more important to you than doing it together.
- You like to investigate problems thoroughly before taking steps.
- Your leadership is strongly influenced by the bottom line.
- You keep tabs on performance and monitor and assess results.
- You like to 'get to the bottom' of things, identify priorities and work with certainties rather than assumptions.

R1 – Strategist

R1 – Imagineer

- You support new ideas and encourage alternative ways of doing things.
- You will not cling to previous decisions and procedures.
- You may take risks when you believe in an idea.
- You are a visionary leader and future positioning is important to you.
- You like strategy sessions, but may become irritated with the details.

- Your style of leadership is probably more informal and sometimes playful.
- You are not very traditional and will be open-minded enough to listen to new suggestions.
- Dreaming up new schemes, etc. (not planning!) is a strong facet of your leadership.
- You are probably comfortable sharing authority and not strong on following rules and conventions.
- You leadership style will be shaped by 'intuitive flashes' rather than elaborate approaches.

L2 - Preserver

L2 - Organiser

- You prefer to lead by following well-proven methods and practices.
- You insist on punctuality and diligence.
- You give high preference to experienced and well skilled employees.
- You prefer to take the route of caution and won't take risks easily.
- You may place more importance on the task than on the person.

- You set a high standard as far as planning and productivity are concerned.
- You do not tolerate a deviation from procedure.
- You insist that rules and regulations be adhered to.
- You can be described as an 'action up front' type of leader
 you insist on results.
- You are a 'checklist' leader who involves him/herself in the supervision and evaluation of tasks.

R2 - Socialiser

- You are a team-focused leader.
- You like to communicate with your team.
- You encourage feedback from your team and like to reach consensus.
- You involve others in decision making and are seen as approachable.
- Organising social events and gatherings is part of your leadership style.

R2 - Empathiser

- You value the person above the task.
- You try to motivate, encourage and inspire your team.
- You willingly lend assistance where it is needed.
- You have an open-door policy and interact with your team members in a personal way.
- You are sensitive to atmosphere and mood changes and would act on these

Of course you may have preferences in more than one dimension and would have to combine the descriptions in that case.

Remember: It is likely that some of your team members do not share your preferences. The successful leader is the person that can lead and manage others according to their particular preferences at all times. Talking the language of the listener is the ideal whole brain approach for all leaders.

The Whole Brain in Action in TEACHING AND LEARNING

To apply the whole brain successfully in business, parenting and all other aspects of life, we need to lay the foundation in our teaching and training. Teachers, trainers and learners need to understand the meaning and impact of whole brain teaching, learning and personal development.

L1

Teaching: textbook, precise instructions, logical arguments, opportunity to analyse, discuss technical aspects.

Learning: at desk, supplies handy summaries, research.

Environment: neat, info available, blackboard work accurate, quiet.

R1

Teaching: holistic view, spontaneous participation, visual, associate contents with past/future, fun, experimentation, new concepts.

Learning: sits/lies - seldom at desk, diagrams, learning games, tries new methods, rarely timetable, mind wanders.

Environment: colourful, challenging info, humorous exhibitions, artistic, changing.

L2

Teaching: textbook, chronological & well-planned lessons, clear instructions, repetition, clear lesson objectives, formal lessons.

Learning: at desk, detailed summaries, practices subject-matter, practical application, timetable for studying.

Environment: programs etc. handy, detailed blackboard work.

R2

Teaching: group work, movement, music, associate contents with personal experiences, show emotions, acting as teacher.

Learning: amongst people, emotional about contents, music, talks loud to memorise, nonverbal communication, role play.

Environment: room for movement, music, person-oriented, exhibitions, friendly, colourful, comfortable.

Learning and the 8 dimensions

Everyone needs to understand the meaning and impact of whole brain teaching and learning. Get started by determining your own or your child's learning style. Again, you may have strong preferences in more than one dimension and will have to combine the descriptions.

L1 – Realist	L1 – Analyst	R1 – Strategist	R1 – Imagineer
 You find it easy to focus for a stretch at a time. You prefer to study alone and in quiet surroundings. You set yourself achievable goals while studying. You like to have clear guidelines to study to. You make short, clear summaries when studying. 	 You like to do research when studying. Dealing with facts, figures and concrete issues are your favourite subjects. You are constantly jotting down notes as you dig deeper into information. You are always analysing content. You do not accept all information and can be critical of content. 	 You find new and experimental work a challenge. You get bored easily with repetition. You prefer studies that have future value and that fit into your vision. You question content regularly. You like to use information to make future predictions. 	 Timetables and planning your studies are not favourites! You find it difficult to focus on one subject for any length of time. Diagrams and visual aids suit your learning style better than summaries. You prefer to do your work in an informal way and environment. You prefer unstructured and unconventional subjects.

L2 – Preserver	L2 – Organiser	R2 – Socialiser	R2 – Empathiser
 You are disciplined when it comes to studying. You repeat content until you feel secure in your knowledge. You probably make extensive summaries. You prefer clear and precise instructions. You study best in quiet, stable environment. 	 You prefer to work according to timetable. Your surroundings need to be orderly and organised. You probably make clear and orderly summaries. You enjoy any practical, hands-on learning. You prefer to follow a step by step approach when studying. 	 You often prefer to study in the company of others. You talk out loud when memorising. You like to 'talk it through' with others when dealing with challenging work. Group projects are a favourite. Your emotions often influence your attitude towards your studies. 	 You learn best if you find meaning in the subject. You prefer those subjects that will develop you as a person. Connecting content with life experiences help you understand and remember facts. Atmosphere influences your ability to study. You like studying in groups if you feel you can add value to others.

Remember: Sometimes you will have to develop skills in your weaker dimensions in order to be an effective student!

The Whole Brain in Action in CREATIVITY

Creativity can be found in all four of the brain quadrants.

1. Exercises to develop your whole brain creativity:

L1

Ask: What? (do I need, must I know, must I do)

Change problems to challenges

Dig deeper into the situation

Do not judge ideas (stay open)

Learn a new computer program

Watch a movie and rank the characters for impact

Write a comprehensive financial plan now

R1

Ask: Why? (is this important, do I need to

make this work)

Eat an exotic dish

Rearrange your furniture

Arrange a surprise outing

Make a crazy idea work

Use your next film to photograph 'weird' things

Play a musical instrument

L2

Ask: How? (will I deal with this, plan my action steps)

Try a new route to work or into town

Revamp your filing system

Change impractical ideas into practical solutions

Make lists (shopping, gifts, and a few unique ones)

Alphabetise your bookshelves

Catalogue your CD collection

R₂

Ask: Who? (is involved)

Put candles on the table

Arrange a picnic

Think of new family games

Hug!

Share your sentiments with someone

Listen to music and draw what you visualise

Design your own greeting messages

2. Whole Brain Creative Study Methods:

L1

Summarise

Analyse

Identify Specific Outcomes

R1

Mind mapping

Visualising

Study games

Unorthodox approaches

No Timetable

L2

Categorise

Repeat

Make Timetables

Maintain orderly workplace

R2

Verbalise

Create stories

Discuss with others

Study with people

Study with music

The Whole Brain in Action in CREATIVITY

3. Whole Brain Creativity Techniques

There are hundreds of creative thinking tools and techniques to choose from – just have a look on the internet!

Here are some examples:

L1

Attribute Listing

Card Roundabout

Morphological Analysis

Fact Finding Technique

Probing the Essence

K.

Picture Stimulation

The Mad Hatter

Fantastic Reality

Pot Luck Basket

Balloon Ideas

L2

Scamper

Matrixing

Idea Listing

Time Structure Technique

R2

Role Reversal

Sensing

Semantic Intuition

Nature Walks

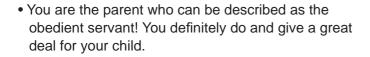
Blindfold Communication

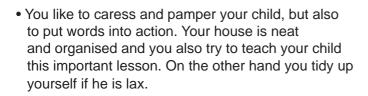
The Whole Brain in Action in PARENTING

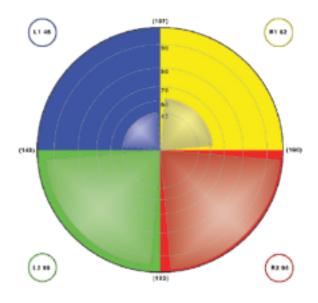
Communication and parenting are intimately interwoven. Understanding the child's unique preferences is therefore essential for successful parenting. This parent's profile shows that preferences lie in the bottom hemisphere of the brain. You therefore have strong preferences for detail, structure and systematic arrangement (L2), as well as for 'people' sensitivity and interaction (R2)."

The following points might apply to this parent:

"Although you show strong preferences for several of the thinking processes of these two quadrants, it does not necessarily mean that you have strong, or equally strong, preferences for all the processes. Therefore some of the following descriptions may not be completely accurate in all cases."







- You believe in routine and encourage your child to eat and take a bath at set times.
- You do not take kindly to your arrangements being upset because your child (or her school) is disorganised.
- If there is something wrong with your child, you will not stop questioning and nagging until you get to the bottom of the problem.
- You like to participate in your child's games, provided there is order in the game, the 'right' steps are followed and things are put away neatly afterwards.
- Your child sometimes becomes irritated because you focus a lot on the little things (room tidy and clean, neat appearance, punctuality).
- You have strict rules of conduct for your child and can become very upset and emotional if these are broken, because you do so much for your family!
- Because you are not always flexible and prefer the traditional, you may often oppose changes in you child's life. It may even make you fearful and anxious. (Extract from 'Very Smart Parents' by Kobus Neethling)
- What child profile might work well for this parent? Why?
- Which child profile might give rise to potential issues? Why?

Parenting and the 8 dimensions

Although parenting is probably the most important and difficult job we ever have to do, there is very little training and guidance available. One of the biggest challenges for any parent is creating a good relationship with a child that is very different from you! Try to recognise your style when studying the following and compare that with your child's brain preferences.

L1 - Realist

L1 - Analyst

You follow the rational approach and do not often allow for emotions.

- You have strict rules that have to be adhered to (there is a 'right' and 'wrong').
- You do not like your authority challenged.
- You insist on your child focusing on the task at hand.
- You tend to be the decision maker – have the final word

- You insist on your child performing well and would monitor performance
- Your child's future financial security is a priority.
- You may be quite critical of your child's mistakes.
- You will insist on thorough explanations for behaviour.
- You will put a strong emphasis on your child understanding priorities.

R1 – Strategist

R1 – Imagineei

- You take your child's opinions and ideas into account.
- You encourage a variety of interests.
- You are usually open to your child 'trying out' something new.
- Dreaming of the future is a favourite pastime when talking to your child.
- You are probably not a stickler for rules.

- You are probably not the 'traditional' parent.
- You like to do things with your child on the spur of the moment.
- You sometimes forget important details (appointments, dates, etc.)
- You like to surprise your child.
- Fantasy is an important facet of your relationship with your child.
- You like to share way-out ideas with your child.

L2 - Preserver

Good behaviour and discipline are high priorities.

- You do not tolerate untidiness.
- You insist on strict routines to keep the household running smoothly.
- You are very safety conscious and may even be overprotective.
- Because you are traditional, a child who experiments with new trends may give you a pounding headache!

L2 - Organiser

- You tend to organise your child's life.
- You run your household to a strict schedule and a disruptive child is not tolerated.
- You set clear rules and ensure that these are followed.
- You tend to sacrifice a great deal for your child – so where is the appreciation?
- You run a tight ship and your child knows that punctuality, neatness and thoroughness are extremely important.

R2 - Socialiser

- You share most hings with your child and expect the same back.
- You sometimes react in an overly emotional way – to regret it later!
- You encourage group activities and want your child to be a 'joiner'.
- You involve your child in decision making.
- You are a loving and affectionate parent.

R2 - Empathiser

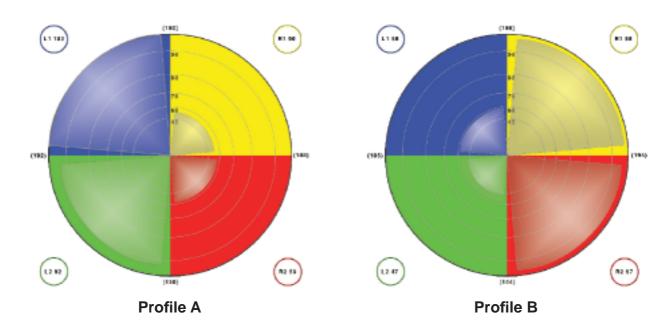
- You like to encourage and cheer on your child.
- Your child's happiness and well-being are more important to you than performance.
- You are very sensitive to your child's moods.
- You would encourage activities that will develop your child as a person.
- You may regard your child's 'failures' or disobedience as a personal failure or attack.

You may have strong preferences in more than one dimension? In that case, just combine the descriptions!

Remember:

You may have a different profile to your child. Your challenge would be to parent your child according to his/her preferences as far as possible. You may also have different preferences to your spouse. In this case you need to develop tolerance and together gain insight into the best way to work together as a couple and to parent your child at the same time.

The Whole Brain in Action in RELATIONSHIPS



Two very different profiles – what would happen if these two people were in a relationship? Some might think it would be potentially difficult, but that does not have to be the case. Tolerance and understanding have to form the foundation for this couple.

Because **A** in this relationship is finicky and wants things to be planned in detail and **B** is just the opposite, **B**'s impulsiveness and **A**'s attention to detail and planning can lead to irritations in the relationship.

B is lovable and emotional and expects the same from **A** who has better control over her/his emotions and may appear to be cool and aloof at times.

B enjoys trying out something new, would like to visit new places and try new dishes, while **A** prefers the tried and trusted.

B is more emotional and likes to talk things through - **A** seldom feels the need to 'talk about us'. To tell the truth, **A** very seldom realises that something is wrong and needs to be talked about! This makes **B** feel that **A** is rather insensitive.

B prefers romantic, unusual and impulsive gifts, whereas **A** likes practical, useful and technologically advanced gifts.

A often asks, "How much did this cost"? And B will reply, "Who cares - as long as it makes you happy."

Because **A** is a realist and **B** an idealist, their views on the future of their relationship often differ. **B** might feel the relationship with **A** is getting boring; he/she is becoming restless because the relationship lacks variety and excitement.

Ideas about 'a good night out' could be vastly different. **B** is intuitive, senses the atmosphere, knows instinctively that something is amiss and is sensitive to the changing mood of his/her partner. **A** on the other hand, feels **B** is too sensitive and senses things which don't exist.

Relationships and the 8 dimensions

Many relationships are fragile at best. We lack tolerance towards differences, we think 'we are always right', we do not understand that others can think and act differently to us in similar circumstances. Understanding your and your partner's brain preferences and how these impact on your relationship will go a long way towards growing understanding, tolerance and excitement instead of criticism and the constant battle of trying to change others to be more like you!

Discover your own and your loved one's relationship thinking style and wait for the aha's!

L1 - Analyst L1 - Realist You have a clear-headed • You prefer logic over · You are full of surprises • You spice up your love life approach to relationships. sentiment and like to be surprised in through fantasy. · No falling head over heals You analyse problems You may get into trouble in love for you. instead of reacting in You may seam to neglect forgetting important de- You are clear on what emotional ways. your relationships at times is 'right' and 'wrong' in a • You dig deeper into because you are busy with • You often plan outings on relationship. problems (and may be many different projects. the spur of the moment. • You need to know exactly seen as cold and distant). You show your affection • You like to experiment in where the relationship is Financial security comes your relationship. spontaneously. before romantic gifts. • The future of your relation You often daydream about heading. • You prove your love in You can be critical of your ship is very important. your relationship and about love in general. • You may sometimes sail concrete ways. partner's behaviour. close to the wind and find excitement in being daring.

L2 – Preserver	L2 – Organiser	R2 – Socialiser	R2 – Empathiser
 You will consider the advantages and disadvantages of a new relationship. You prefer stable, long lasting relationships. You treasure loyalty in your partner. Traditions regarding relationships are important. You would not be likely to 'break the rules'. 	You like to organise the outings etc. in your relationship. You are the 'long suffering' partner who perseveres through the tough times. You show your love in very practical ways. You like 'to do' things for your partner. You don't like surprises.	 You are affectionate and don't hide your emotions. You can be a passionate and enthusiastic lover. Socialising with friends is an important part of your relationship. You share your feelings and ideas openly. You wear your heart on your sleeve! 	 You are sensitive to your partner's needs and moods. You like to 'look after' your loved one. You are sensitive and easily hurt by your partner's behaviour. You are sensitive to atmosphere and affected by it. You like quiet and intimate moments with your partner.

Recognise yourself anywhere? You may of course have a profile that shows strong preferences in more than dimension and would therefore have to combine the descriptions.

Remember:

You and your partner may have different brain preferences – the challenge is to be tolerant and to find ways to accommodate your loved one.

Also remember that even though you may have very similar profiles it does NOT mean you will agree on everything!

The Whole Brain in Action in SPORT

Because the Brain Profile gives us a glimpse into the soul of each person, there is hardly a field or area of life that cannot be enhanced by the understanding of the preferences of each role player. Sport is one such field where the successful use of the NBITM has been proven over and over again.

For example let's have a look at the Rugby Union player:

L₁

Focused: the ability to apply the mind to the game

Keeps to the essence of each moment

Thinks correctly, logically

Does not make mistakes

Remembers to apply what has been taught in training

Correct application of skills (kicking, scrumming, line-out work)

Automatic application of techniques as taught

R1

Individualism

Creative play when drilled-in patterns fail

Handles situations in unique way

Creates patterns of play to suit circumstances

Sees the bigger picture intuitively

L2

Discipline (regular attendance, punctuality)

Drilling in of specific steps, procedures

Development of fixed patterns

Consistency (danger of lacking variation and becoming predictable)

R2

Spontaneous group cohesion

Re-group automatically

Re-grouping arises from intuition (not drilled-in tactics)

Individual passion

Enthusiasm that keeps the energy level up

Able to handle emotions

Able to handle conflict/moments of crises during game

(Extract from 'Creative Rugby' by Kobus Neethling & Naas Botha)

The Whole Brain in Action in A HEALTHY LIFESTYLE

There is hardly an area of our lives where the whole brain does not have a role to play. Sport and living a healthy life go hand in hand. Ever wondered why you don't stick to a diet or exercise programme? The whole brain approach is probably what you need!

Example: Starting a new diet and a healthy eating strategy.

L1

Study the information meticulously analytically

Weigh / measure

Work out desired weight loss

Insist on scientific accuracy

(Pitfall: enthusiasm and passion are lacking, too critical if things don't work out as planned, realistic view of yourself rejects the 'dream body' you badly want)

R1

Fantasise about your perfect body

Strategy in place to reach your goal

Diets must be interesting

Not too detailed

Must offer various options

(Pitfall: gets bored with the diet, measuring out portions, weighing gets on your nerves, convince yourself you don't really need the diet)

L2

Plan your diet carefully

Work out detail for every meal

Keep record of weight

Rigidly committed

(Pitfall: so rigid, feels it interferes with your 'normal life', irritate others with your nitpicking, change is too drastic to persevere)

R₂

Start enthusiastically

Tell others about it

Try to involve others to join you

(Pitfall: food is your comfort and now you feel miserable, food is your reward so you become despondent easily, feel irritated, depressed because you are deprived of your normal treats)

(Extract from 'Talk to your Food' by Kobus Neethling and Raché Rutherford)

Spotting the clues

Your personal NBI™ profile has shown you how YOU prefer to think.

What clues do **other people** leave behind? Is it possible to read someone's mind? Can we really "get inside their heads" to see what they are thinking? Well, in the truest sense of the word probably not. But we can certainly create a very close approximation of a person's NBI™ profile by looking and listening and asking the right questions.

So just for a moment, let's imagine all this is possible. What would be the advantages in knowing someone else's profile?

What if they were your boss?

-Your customer?
-Your staff members?
-Your partner?
- Your children?

Tour criticiers	
Let's start with a person's wallet, or perhaps their handbag. What will it be like?	

Where else might we look for clues to thinking preferences?

- The language people typically use
- How they dress
- Their office environment
- Their profession
- How they take notes at a meeting
- Their body language, posture and gestures

Use the worksheet on the following page to help identify the clues that you need to draw an approximation of their profile. After you meet them again, refine your judgments and re-draw the profile. If this is your client, your boss or any "significant other" you will gain a much greater insight into how you might develop a better working relationship.

Spotting the clues

The person:	Date:
Relationship:	Others involved?:
L1	R1
L2	R2
BEFORE	AFTER
100	
LEFT PIGHT	REST RECEIT
て // ナ	て // ナ
0 /1/ 0	0 1/10
/	/ — \

Are you wondering what it's like in some of the other quadrants? Would you like to take a journey into another part of your brain to try it out? See what it feels like? The following 'diets' have been designed to help you experience the feelings associated with typical behaviour in other quadrants. You never know – you might actually like it over there! And in any case, at least you will be able to experience some of what happens in the brains of those around you!

L1

- 1. Be a politician give a three minute speech on why people should vote for you or on three things that you have achieved for the local community in factual terms of course!
- 2. Minimalise your office. Be functional: Have only 1 picture provided it has a reason for being there, no papers, no ornaments, no personal possessions other than those showing achievements etc.
- 3. Clean out your purse and wallet, organise and keep only the essentials for one week
- 4. Become a 'Selling your house' consultant change 10 things to ready your home to be sold. Evaluate the potential increase in sales price as a result.
- 5. You are at a sales meeting. You have 5 minutes. State and support 5 reasons to introduce whole brain thinking in the company and state how you will measure performance.
- 6. Prepare an Executive Summary of YOU!
 - Who you are (100 words or less)
 - What you've done
 - What you can do to improve someone else
- 7. Give a poor performing employee an evaluation
 - With no eye contact
 - Little explanation
 - List of items to improve upon
 - Give them the consequences of not improving!
- 8. Don't speak over lunch or coffee no eye contact, or conversation, but do something productive (read paper, make calls, etc.)
- Read the Financial Times or Financial Review. Choose 5 shares and plot their progress over 6 weeks. If you make a net gain, buy one of the shares!

L2

- 1. Plan a party from start to finish
 - Develop timeline and conduct appropriate research
 - Select guests and plan invitation process (rsvp, dress code, theme, etc.)
 - Menu food and drinks
 - Determine food and drink ratios (per person)
 - Decorations, floral arrangements, favors and music
 - Guest seating
 - Clean up schedule
- 2. Wear a pedometer for a month plot how many steps you walk each day and enter onto an Excel spreadsheet. Draw 4 different charts and choose one that gives the best detail
- Bake a chocolate soufflé
- 4. Keep a food journal record calorie intake and weight for 4 weeks
- 5. Choose your outfits the night before. Ensure matching everything and no creases, stains etc.
- 6. Read manuals for new products and send in product registration & warranty. Send also a recommendation to improve the clarity of the instructions
- 7. When you next attend a training course
 - · Read training materials ahead of time
 - Take detailed notes
 - · Go with questions beforehand
 - Closely follow instructions of leader
 - Each night import participant contact information into palm pilot or similar
- 8. Create a filing system and process for paying, recording, and archiving your bills and records
- Create a regular schedule for computer updates and maintenance for your personal computer. Be sure to include: data back up, virus scan, spam killer, and unused file deletion
- Create and follow a long-term training schedule for an endurance event like a marathon

R1

- 1. List ten things that you can use a paper clip for
- 2. Given a pile of paper clips, build something
- 3. In small groups using 200 dominos, create something that moves
- 4. Introduce the idea and play Charades at your next gathering of friends
- 5. Play a word association exercise which results in a story telling exercise, ie. after 10 words make up a story a sentence at a time with a group of colleagues or friends
- 6. Choose a new restaurant to go to by random selection, eg. Go to a location where there are a number of restaurants and enter the 5th restaurant on the left! Choose items 5, 15, 25 & 35 from the menu. Choose a drink you have never had before!
- 7. Create three different mind maps eg. describe your life in the year 2030
- 8. Discuss with others: If you could change the outcome of one historical event, what would it be & why? What impact would this have on the world or your life today?
- 9. Stare at the clouds and create a story using the shapes and pictures that you see

R2

- 1. Introduce yourself to 5 new people today
- 2. Show up to a public place in a quirky costume
- 3. Volunteer to hold babies in the nursery of a local hospital
- 4. Design a spontaneous getaway for a loved one
- 5. Tell a person something that you appreciate about them in a conversation
- 6. Choose 5 people at work and find out what is most important to them in life
- 7. Identify a group that you know little about/have bias towards and spend a day in their community
- 8. Invite your work team to a beach party on a workday
- 9. Live one week without organising tools
- 10. Create a group discussion about the ways in which your work environment has influenced you and how you have influenced your work environment, and why?
- 11. Describe the course of your day only using emotions

Understanding the NBITM - key points to remember

- It is important to remember that most of the NBI™ brain profiles are an indication of thinking preferences. Thinking Preferences should not be seen as good or bad, right or wrong. Thinking Preferences indicate the thinking styles an individual would most prefer if he/she had the choice and opportunity.
- Most of the NBI™ profiles therefore measure the thinking preferences but not necessarily the skills of an individual. These may of course be similar. Personal skills should be measured using the NBI™ skills or job profiles.
- Individuals could therefore have a low preference score for a quadrant, but may have acquired strong skills there. On the other hand strong preferences do not automatically imply strong skills as well.
- A high score in a quadrant may indicate strong preferences for some of the processes and dimensions of that quadrant but not necessarily all of them. The new NBI™ 8 dimensions profile splits each quadrant into two dimensions. People with identical strong preference scores (eg. > 100) could have very different dimension scores in that quadrant.
- In some cases, thinking preference profiles can change. This may occur over a long period of time because of changing interests, hobbies, environments and mentors. In rare cases changes may occur over a shorter period of time because of traumatic events or major life changes. These profile changes may be temporary.
- We are born with roughly 20-30% of preferences, while 70-80% develop through social and environmental interaction.
- Thinking Preferences in low-scoring quadrants may be developed where a desire to do so exists. This can be achieved through creative whole brain exercises. It is possible that only skill or behaviours will be developed in these quadrants, but in some cases preferences can grow when the skill is enhanced and when that experience is seen as enjoyable by the individual.
- It is not just the thinking preference that is important, but where that preference is viewed from is also very significant. For example, one L1 person viewing another L1 dominant person would see a very different picture from that seen by, say, an R2 dominant person.

COMMENTS FROM CLIENTS OF THE KOBUS NEETHLING GROUP

Avroy Shlain (Large Cosmetic Company)

It was not long after implementing The Kobus Neethling Whole Brain Programmes when we started to experience positive results on many fronts. Our sales people were able to communicate remarkably better with our clients; we all understood the needs of our clients so much clearer and the ability to use our whole brain in problem solving changed everything for us. Six months after implementing the KN programme our profits rose by 54 percent.

(Marinda le Roux; Regional Manager: Avroy Shlain)

O'Keeffe & Swartz (Tele-Marketing Company)

This was the best training we have ever received. The results were immediate. The focus was on finding solutions and to move away from a problem oriented organisation and this worked for us. Our profits went way above our expectations; we are opening new offices all over and there are just no limits anymore. There is an aliveness amongst all our employees and the clients are now more positive towards us than ever before. We are keeping our association with Kobus Neethling. We have the policy in our company that every employee must attend the Kobus Neethling Creativity Training Programmes. (Shaun O'Keeffe: Director)

COMMENTS FROM CLIENTS OF WHOLE BRAIN THINKING

Telstra (Leading telecommunications and information services company)

We recently administered the Neethling Brain Preference Profiles (NBPP) to a group of top-talent staff being trained as facilitators. The results of the tool helped the participants in two important ways; first, to learn how their preferences impact their likely styles of facilitation, and second, to focus on possible development opportunities to strengthen their effectiveness as a facilitator. In addition, the participants also learned to recognise preferences in others and how others' preferences might influence a facilitator's style and strategies.

As a manager, the key benefit of this tool for me is that it was both quick for the staff to complete as well as being simple for everyone to understand. I recommend this tool to others, particularly in situations where it is important for people to quickly understand thinking preference differences and to appreciate the various strengths that all styles can contribute."

(Robynne Tongue; Manager Learning and Development TTIP Regulatory, Corporate & Human Relations)

Living Change

(Neuro Linguistic Programming & workplace communications training company)

Having worked in the area of training and development for over 10 years now and having utilised many different profiling tools, I have found the Neethling Brain Preference Profiles (NBPP) to be one of the most practical for allowing people to make immediate shifts in their understanding and acceptance of others.

At livingchange we specialise in Neuro Linguistic Programming training. We have found that the Neethling Brain Preference Profile (NBPP) is the most complementary tool for allowing people an understanding of their own patterns of thinking and preferences. We utilise the NBPP to begin the majority of our workshops, because it is not only fun and interactive, but it is simple enough for people to understand why they 'click' with some people and not others. It then allows us to apply quickly how to adapt one's own behaviour when dealing with diversity in thinking. This helps us to begin immediately utilising the Neuro Linguistic Programming tools to show how people can make changes which enhance relationships and communication.

(Kathy McKenzie, Director)

About the Author

Dr Kobus Neethling is an award-winning, internationally renowned speaker in the field of creativity. He was included in the 500 Leaders of Influence by the American Biographical Institute and holds six degrees, including two Masters Degrees, a Doctorate and a Post Doctorate on the Identification and Development of Creative Behaviour.

Dr Neethling received the Official Award of the World Institute of Achievement for Outstanding Personal and Professional Achievements, and was given the "Most Admired Man of the Year Award" by the American Biographical Association.

He is the author and co-author of 80 books and a number of television programmes. As the creator of the Neethling Brain Profile Instruments (NBITM), he received worldwide recognition for the contribution of these instruments towards unique insight in the self, creativity and change.

Anglo Platinum (Anglo American Platinum Mine: Swartkop)

"We started production on this mine 50 years ago. During the past 3 years we were able to equal the production of the previous 47 years. This miracle was due to two factors: new technology and the introduction of the Kobus Neethling Creativity Programmes."

International References & Quotes

Kobus Neethling has taken whole brain research way beyond the paradigms of the past -- I know of no one else who has taken whole brain thinking to these levels.

(Professor Paul Torrance: Mr. Creativity of the 20th Century)

Kobus Neethling has demonstrated the most thorough scholarship in creativity that I have been able to witness in my years of teaching.

(Dr. Mary Frasier; Past President of the American Creativity Association)

In my more than 30 years as an academic I put Kobus Neethling's doctoral thesis at the top of my list. His first draft was virtually his final draft. His in-depth research portrayed a person of unique insight, dedication and remarkable commitment to his science.

(Professor Ben Schutte; Alumnus Professor of Education: University of Potchefstroom)

Kobus Neethling

As the creator of the Neethling Brain Instruments (NBI™), Kobus Neethling received worldwide recognition for the contribution these instruments have made towards unique insights into the self, creativity and change. He is the author of more than 70 books and has written and presented many television series.

He is also the founder and Director of the South African Creativity Foundation and the Kobus Neethling Group. He holds 6 University degrees (Cape Town, Potchefstroom and Georgia USA), including two Master's Degrees, a Doctorate and a Post Doctorate (Cum Laude) on the identification and development of Creative Behaviour.

Solutionsfinding Pty Ltd

Solutionsfinding provides the technology behind the NBI™ on-line scoring and reporting systems. The state-of-the-art processes and systems are under constant review to ensure NBI™ users have a trouble-free experience when completing profiles on-line.

Whole Brain Thinking Pty Ltd

Whole Brain Thinking Pty Ltd is the principal licensee and distributor throughout Australia, New Zealand and the Asia-Pacific region for the Neethling Brain Instruments (NBI™), the most comprehensive battery of whole brain thinking instruments in the World.

The Thinking Network™

The Thinking Network™ is a consulting firm with a focus on business innovation, creative problem solving, personal creativity and essential future business and leadership skills through whole brain thinking and the application of the NBI™.



